

REACH THE SPOT.



To cure an aching back, the pains of rheumatism, the tired-out feeling, you must reach the spot—get at the cause.

In most cases it's the kidneys.

Don't's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys.

Pa. says: "For two years I had kidney trouble and there was such a severe pain through my loins and limbs that I could not stoop or straighten up without great pain, had difficulty in getting about and was unable to rest at night, arising in the morning tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. Doctor's treatment for rheumatism, but failed to help me. I lost all confidence in medicine and began to feel as if life were not worth living. Don't's Kidney Pills, however, followed me as quickly and so thoroughly that I gladly made a statement to that effect for publication. This was in 1925, and during the six years which have elapsed I have never known Don't's Kidney Pills to fail. They cured my wife of a severe case of backache in the same short manner."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Hiebert will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address: Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Parliament Budget.
The budget for the city of Paris for 1924 amounts to receipts and expenses to a total sum of \$45,000,000.

For \$1.65 Money Order.
The John A. Miller Seed Co., La. Orange, Wis., will postpaid 15 from seedlings of Apricot, Apple, Crab, Cherry, Plum, Peach, Pear, and Quince. Just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Blenheim Apple. All have Wisconsin stock. Are most you free upon receipt of \$1.65.

AND FOR THE AND YOURS.
You get sufficient seed of Cherry, Crab, Quince, Plum, Peach, Pear, and Quince. Just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Blenheim Apple. All have Wisconsin stock. Are most you free upon receipt of \$1.65.

American Exports and Imports.
Articles admitted to the United States free of duty make up 45 percent in value of the imports.

BABY HUMORS

Milk Crust Scalled Head and Eczema
Instantly Relieved & Speedily Cured by Baths with



Cuticura SOAP

And gentle anointings with CUTICURA OINTMENT, purest and sweetest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. It means instant relief and refreshing sleep for tortured, disfigured, itching, and burning babies, and rest for tired, fretted mothers, when all else fails.

25 millions used in Thompson's Eye Water

TIBETAN NEW YEAR'S DAY.

Characteristic Ceremonies That Mark Its Celebration.

February 15 is New Year's day in Tibet, and for the succeeding three weeks Lassa is the scene of strange proceedings. Its government passes from the lama to a monk of the De-bang monastery, who buys the right to rule by auction. He is called the lha-mo, and receiving the homage of all, exercises his authority by imposing heavy fines for his own profit. His men visit every home in Lassa to collect heavy taxes and fines, so that all the poorer people leave the city at the New Year. From the country round priests flock in for numerous religious ceremonies, which culminate in the selection of a human ensoument for the time of Lassa. The face of the victim is painted half black and half white and after he has been beaten by the populace as a symbol of the transference to him of the sins of the people he is hanged and nobled out of Lassa, whither he may not return for a year.

MAGPIE PROTECTS ITS NEST.

Odd Construction May Be Result of Working of Conscience.

Why does the magpie construct a dome of twigs over its nest? Most readers will say as a shelter, but it does not in the least answer to such a description. The twigs are only a network through which rain may pour and cold winds penetrate. May it not be the case that the magpie is conscious of its own sins, and a guilty mind, apprehensive of reprisals, causes the bird to build this covering over its nest? The magpie is an egg thief, and makes use of knowledge, gained while carrying out its depredations on the contents of other nests, to protect those of its own—Country Gentleman.

P-litchell Perfumes.
Patchell, known for his penetrating color, is derived from the leaves of the tropical tree, *Persea p-litchellii*. The plant in its wild state is found in East India, but is now also cultivated. The supply of leaves for the perfume industry comes mainly from Java and different sections of the Malacca peninsula; also from Ceylon Island, near Singapore.

In the Spring.
Lawrence, Mo., April 15.—Mrs. H. C. Hartly of this place, says: "For years I was in very bad health. Every spring I would get so low that I was unable to do my own work. I seemed to be worse in the spring than any other time of the year. I was very weak and miserable and had much pain in my back and head. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised last spring and began treatment of them and they have certainly done me more good than anything I have ever used."

"I was all right last spring and felt better than I have for over ten years. I am fifty years of age and am stronger today than I have been for many years and I give Dodd's Kidney Pills credit for the wonderful improvement."

The statement of Mrs. Hartly is only one of a great many where Dodd's Kidney Pills have proven themselves to be the very best spring medicine. They are unsurpassed as a tonic and are the only medicine used in thousands of families.

NOVEL WAY TO CATCH PUMAS.

Gummy Leaves Cause Downfall of Prowling Beast of Prey.
About 300 miles up the Amazon there is a tribe of Indians who are expert hunters of big game. They have a remarkable way of capturing puma.

A young pig or goat is tied to a tree before night. For yards around this tree the Indians scatter leaves covered with a preparation made from the sap of the gumi tree. When night comes, the puma crawls up to the bait and devours it. Having finished he discovers that his paws are covered with leaves. He tries to rub them off with his nose and they stick all over his face. Then, in desperation, he rolls about and becomes literally caked in the gummy leaves. About this time the natives charge with torches and ropes, and the puma is no helpless and blind that he can make no serious resistance. Then he is carried alive to the village.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Powder.
A powder. It treats the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen Feet, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Improving Nails. Allen's Foot-Powder makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Dimond, Le Roy, N. Y.

Losses in Famous Battles.
In the famous battle of Sedan, when the French were overpowered by the Prussians, the opposing armies were not quite on an equality as regards numbers. The French had 124,000 men in the field, and their enemy had 195,000. Yet the losses were respectively 35,000 and 20,000, yielding percentages of 31 and 10. In the battle of Lepanto between the Germans and allies against the French and allies, the strength of the former was 200,000 and that of the latter 175,000. The losses of the stronger side were 16 per cent, and that of the weaker 26.

Fruit acids will not stain goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

For Tanning Hips.
Two prices of \$125 each have been offered by an agricultural society in Germany for a new pigment for tanning black-colored pigs. The known and successful, but a dark color is useless for dark skin. An additional \$25 is given for every year the tanning lasts beyond the first year.

Seemed Like a Sermon

Now and then E. H. Rother's admirers visit him in his dressing room. He did so in Chelmsford, where he entertained a somewhat nervous and excitable gentleman during his moments "off the stage."

In the midst of one of their arguments during which the visitor expounded volubly, there entered the room a disheveled and decorous colored man, who advanced to the center, saying in an earnest monotone:

"Have you any fear of God?" and mysteriously departed as he came.

Mr. Rother's guest was greatly dumfounded, but was too well bred to ask questions. Resuming his argument he again grew heated in his remarks, and again the colored man quietly and mysteriously entered, and clearing his voice declared:

"If you were the devil himself, do you think you could make me like you?"

To the guest's surprise, the actor took the interruption as a matter of course, so Rother's visitor in a dazed manner continued his argument, only to be interrupted again and again by the same colored intruder, this time with the remark:

"I know you now, and God knows I pity you."

Mr. Rother's guest was now too surprised to talk. He sat in a collapsed condition until the same man had entered three separate times, and in an expressive voice had said:

"I am as changeless as the sun. I will carry my soul pure to heaven."

You are the strange woman."

"You shall be as beautiful as I am and so happy."

This last remark was too much for the man's nerves. He was barely able to stammer:

"Gosh, what the— does this mean? Is this a joke or an insane asylum? Who is this fellow?"

"That," said the actor, "is simply my dresser, Lewis. His duty is to notify me of the progress of the play by lines. In that manner I know when my cue comes."

"Oh," said Mr. Rother's guest, wiping great beads of perspiration from his face. "I was beginning to believe I had seen—"

Long Name, Small Fish

The smallest backboneed animal in the world is a fish. It was discovered in Buhl, a mountain lake in the island of Luzon, in the Philippines. The tiny creature has two names out of all proportion to its size. The one given it by the natives is *shinarump*, and doubtless has some significance in the language of the Bihlons, the natives living in the lake region. The scientific name is *malincheilus lunulatus*, and means the smallest fish inhabiting Luzon.

The largest of the species measures but half an inch in length, and the smallest not more than one-fifth of an inch. It would take about 5,000 of them to weigh a pound. Fortunately for the fishermen of Luzon, the *shinarump* is not sold by the dozen, or even by the hundred. They are measured by the quart.

Small as the fish is, it forms an important food staple, even in a country so rich in these products. The appearance of the native fish dealer with his basket of *shinarump* is hailed with delight by the soldiers as well as the Philippines. No net is fine enough, no hook is small enough to catch these fish. The natives have solved the problem by using a finely woven cloth as a net, and in this way gather thousands at one sweep. When preparing them to eat they are first drained in a basket. Next they are mixed with pepper and other spices, made into cakes, and laid upon leaves in the sun, where they soon dry. Then they are ready to be eaten.

The natives count them a great delicacy, and say that they possess a flavor quite their own and very distinctive. They are never cooked, as this seems to dry up all the goodness in them, and deprive them of their flavor, leaving them tasteless and unpalatable—London Mail.

First Use of Alphabet

The two nations credited with the invention of the alphabet are the Phoenicians and the Persians. But it is not usually conceded that the two are entitled to anything like equal credit. The Persians, probably in the time of Cyrus the Great, used certain characters of the Babylonian script for the construction of an alphabet; but at this time the Phoenician alphabet had undoubtedly been in use for some centuries, and it is more than probable that the Persians borrowed their idea of an alphabet from a Phoenician source. And that, of course, makes all the difference.

Granted the idea of an alphabet, it requires no great reach of constructive genius to supply a set of alphabetical characters; though even here, it may be added parenthetically, a study of the development of alphabets will show that mankind has all along had a characteristic propensity to copy rather than to invent.

Regarding the Persian alphabet, then, as a copyist rather than a true inventor, it remains to turn attention to the Phoenician source whence it is commonly believed, the original alphabet which became "the mother of all existing alphabets" came into being. It must be admitted at the outset that evidence for the Phoenician origin of this alphabet is traditional rather than demonstrative. The Phoenicians were the great traders of antiquity; undoubtedly they were largely responsible for the transmission of the alphabet from one part of the world to another, once it had been invented—Henry Smith Wilkins in Harper's Magazine.

Poison in Daily Foods

A matter of practical science to which legislation must be directed much more seriously than has yet been done was brought before the congress of medicine recently held at Madrid. Dr. Brouardel, of Paris, spoke strongly of the dangers arising from the addition of antiseptics to wine, beer, cider, milk, syrups, butter, fish, preserved fruits and other commodities which are in daily use as food. It is well known that salicylic acid, salicylate of soda, salicylates, borax, boric acid, formalin and a variety of other chemicals are employed to make the substance in question "keep," the pretence being that they are used in such small quantities as to be innocuous. To this allegation Dr. Brouardel opposed two indisputable facts, determined by analysis and experience—first, that the preservative employed are used in far larger quantities than the users admit, and, secondly, that the combined consumption of alimentary substances containing these antiseptic materials, even in very small proportions, is immensely detrimental to the human organism, amounting in the long run to slow poisoning. Man's constitution has not been made for the daily administration of minute doses of poison, and in this hazardous form of mischief may be some of the blame for our physical degeneracy. Apparently the evil is of such sort that international measures may be necessary to check it. Treatment of food in this manner should not be called adulteration, but poisoning pure and simple.

Brokers of Wall Street

Wall street brokers hold themselves almost a million times higher in caste than bookmakers. And they are right. They are the crime de la crime of finance. Bookmakers are the scum. Yet there are many bookmakers in the street, and not a few of them are backers of brokers. Some are big operators supporting brokers by their commissions. There are 1,100 members of the Stock Exchange, and these represent brokerage and commission firms whose partnerships aggregate no less than 1,652 individual men. It is safe to venture the assertion that each member of the exchange and his partners would turn up the nose at an income of less than \$20,000 a year. Hence:

At \$20,000 each year these brokers alone get not about \$20,000,000. There are 1,100 of them. Book Exchange alone which pay \$2,000,000 annually for the rent of their offices. These firms employ 7,000 clerks and assistants, bookkeepers, runners, etc. at an average wage of \$1,500, which makes \$10,500,000. Thus we have in three lines alone \$42,500,000 that must come out of the pockets of customers to keep the great machine well oiled. That is to say, the public pays the sum of \$42,500,000 annually for the privilege of supporting in splendid style 1,100 people in order that they may have their hands at tilting which way the stock will go—New York Press.



Miss Haggood tells how she escaped an awful operation by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM.—I suffered for four years with the doctors called Salpingitis (inflammation of the fallopian tubes and ovaries), which is a most distressing and painful ailment, affecting all the surrounding parts, undermining the constitution, and making life a torment. If you had seen me a year ago before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, you would not wonder that I feel thankful to you and your wonderful medicine, which restored me to my life and health in six months, and saved me from an awful operation. My first letter (Harvard, 1000) to you, dated Nov. 10, 1910, cost \$2.00 for the first of about 100 letters printed in your name and sent to you."

Ovaritis or inflammation of the ovaries or fallopian tubes which is the source of many of the most distressing and dangerous diseases of the female sex, from inflammation of the womb, and many other causes. The slightest indication of trouble with the ovaries, indicated by dull throbbing pain in the side, accompanied by heat and shooting pains, should claim your instant attention. It will not "go away," but a hospital operation, or all its horrors, may easily result. —neglect.



Weak Men
If you suffer from any of the weaknesses or diseases of the male sex, such as loss of vitality, nervousness, etc., you are weak. We have a remedy for you. It is called "Weak Men's Remedy." It is a powerful tonic and restorative. It will build up your system, strengthen your nerves, and give you the strength and vitality you need. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

HALL'S GANKER AND DIPHTHERIA REMEDY
FOR THE THROAT, THROAT, - NEVER FAILS - FOR SORE THROAT AND DIPHTHERIA. Sold by all druggists and general agents. Salt Lake City, Utah.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes have been made in the United States for over 50 years. They are made of the best materials and are of the highest quality. They are sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per pair.

THERE IS NO SLICKER LIKE TOWER'S

Forty years ago and after many years of use on the eastern coast, Tower's Waterproof Oiled Canvas was introduced in the West and was called "Slicker" by the pioneers and cowboys. This graphic name has come to mean any canvas that is properly treated with Tower's Oiled Canvas. It is the only canvas that is truly waterproof. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per yard.

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment

Is a positive cure for Piles.

Unitarian Publications

Unitarian Publications are sold by all druggists. They include a variety of books and pamphlets on Unitarianism and other religious topics. Price 50 cents per volume.

FREE to WOMEN



A Large Trial Box and book of instructions absolutely free and postpaid, enough to prove the value of Paxtine Tonic Antiseptic.

Paxtine is in powder form. It is made of the best ingredients and is of the highest quality. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

DRUNKENNESS CURED

DRUNKENNESS CURED. A positive cure for drunkenness. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

SEEDS—SEEDS—SEEDS

SEEDS—SEEDS—SEEDS. A variety of seeds for sale. They include a variety of seeds for sale. Price 50 cents per box.

WE TREAT AND CURE

WE TREAT AND CURE. A variety of diseases treated and cured. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

HALL'S GANKER AND DIPHTHERIA REMEDY

HALL'S GANKER AND DIPHTHERIA REMEDY. A variety of diseases treated and cured. It is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3 SHOES. A variety of shoes for sale. They include a variety of shoes for sale. Price 50 cents per pair.

THE FREE Homestead

THE FREE Homestead. A variety of land for sale. They include a variety of land for sale. Price 50 cents per acre.

RICHARD E. EVANS, FLOREST

RICHARD E. EVANS, FLOREST. A variety of services for sale. They include a variety of services for sale. Price 50 cents per hour.

UTAH JUNK CO.

UTAH JUNK CO. A variety of junk for sale. They include a variety of junk for sale. Price 50 cents per item.